

Office of Education and Data Management Spring 2017 Career Development Series

Construction Documents

Presented by
Milton Gregory Grew, AIA
Architect, Building Official and Code Consultant

CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS What Are They and
Who Can Prepare Them?

Presented by
Milton Gregory Grew, AIA
Architect - Building Official - Codes Consultant

Prepared for
CT DAS/DCS Office of Education & Data Management
February 2017

Areas we will discuss: What are Construction Documents? Who can (or are required to) prepare them? What should you expect to provide in them? Electronic submissions Requirements per: 2016 Connecticut State Building Code 2012 International Building Code 2012 International Residential Code State Amendments

Terms Used in the Codes CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS DESIGN (or designed) SHOP DRAWINGS DESIGN PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING These terms should alert you to expect to provide written or graphic information Construction Documents Definition: Written, graphic and pictorial documents prepared or assembled for describing the design, location and physical characteristics of the elements of a project necessary for obtaining a building - 2012 IBC Sect. 202.0 Definitions Should a plan reviewer have to guess or figure out whether a project complies with code? Design Term not defined in code: To plan by making a preliminary sketch, outline or drawing...To create or execute in an artistic or highly skilled manner - Webster's Dictionary

Design * Example of usage: 1607.8 Loads on handrails, guards, grab bars, seats and vehicle barriers. Handrails, guards, grab bars, accessible seats, accessible benches and vehicle barriers shall be designed and constructed to the structural loading conditions set forth in this section. 1607.8.1 Handrails and guards. Handrails and guards shall be designed to resist a linear load of 50 pounds per linear foot (plf) (0.73 kN/m) in accordance with Section 4.5.1 of ASCE 7. Glass handrail assemblies and guards shall also comply with Section 2407.

Shop Drawings

Term not defined in code:

Shop Drawings are drawings, diagrams, schedules and other data specially prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier or distributor to illustrate some portion of the work.

- AIA General Conditions

Shop Drawings Commonly used for: Prefabricated wood or metal framing (trusses) Sprinkler systems Concrete reinforcement Structural steel fabrication & erection (framing, stairs, etc.) Guardrail systems Curtainwalls "Deferred design" or "designed by others"

Office of Education and Data Management

Design Professional Definition of "Registered Design" Professional": An architect, engineer or interior designer, registered or licensed to practice professional architecture, engineering or interior design, as defined by the statutory requirements of the professional registration laws of the State of Connecticut, and acting within the scope of his or her practice. - 202.0 Definitions (CT amend.) Engineering Term not defined in codes. Example 2308.4 Design of elements. Combining of engineered elements or systems and conventionally specified elements or systems is permitted subject to the following limits: Who can prepare construction documents? Building owner, homeowner? Contractor, builder? Drafting service, unlicensed designer? Licensed architect? Professional Engineer? Registered Interior Designer?

Any <u>unlicensed</u> person can prepare construction documents when...

- Under 5,000 SF(exterior dimensions)
 - New construction (with exceptions)
 - Additions (with exceptions)
 - Alterations
- ◆ 1 & 2 Family Dwellings of 24,000 SF or less (IRC)
- Agricultural Building

Reference: CGS 20-298

An architect is required when...

- Project 5,000 SF or more (exterior dimensions)

 CGS Section 20-298
- New construction or additions of Use Groups A, E, I, H or R-1, regardless of size
 - Includes shop dwgs review & construction observation
 CGS 29-276c & SBC Section 107.6
- 3 stories or more or over 30,000 SF total gross area of Use Groups B, F, M & S
 - Includes shop dwgs review & construction observation
 SBC Section 107.6
- Nontransient dwellings units, more than 16 units or 24,000 SF total gross area
 - Includes shop dwgs review & construction observation
 CSBC Section 107.6

What does an architect do?

"Practice of architecture" defined:

...rendering or offering to render service by consultation, investigation, evaluations, preliminary studies, plans, specifications and coordination of structural factors concerning the aesthetic or structural design and contract administration of building construction or any other service in connection with the designing or contract administration of building construction...

-CGS Section 20-288

Office	of	Education	and	Data	Management
Office	$\mathbf{o}_{\mathbf{I}}$	Laucanon	ana	Data	Managomon

What can an engineer do?

Engineering is defined as:

...rendering or offering to render to clients any professional service such as consultation, investigation, evaluation, <u>planning, design</u> or responsible supervision of construction, in connection with any public or privately-owned <u>structures</u>, <u>buildings</u>, <u>machines</u>, equipment, processes, works or projects in which the public welfare or the safeguarding of life, public health or property is concerned or involved...
-CGS 20-299

Can perform minor architectural work:

The practice of engineering by a professional engineer licensed under the provisions of chapter 391, and the performance by such professional engineer of architectual work for which such professional engineer is qualified by education and experience and which is incidental to such professional engineer's engineering work -CGS 20-298

-Attorney General's Opinion 08/02/1991

What can an engineer do?

Attorney General's Opinion - August 2, 1991

To: Board of Examiners for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors

In your letter, dated February 5, 1991, you requested our opinion concerning whether there are any limitations on a licensed professional engineer's authority to design buildings. You have noted the overlap of practices between architecture and professional engineering with regard to design of buildings and have asked us to review this matter.

The answer to your inquiry is that state regulations and statutes limit an engineer's authority to design buildings.

What can an engineer do?

Under the State's licensing mechanism, the issuance by the Board of examiners of a professional engineer's license does not automatically limit the use of that license to a particular discipline within professional engineering. At present, the Board offers examinations in fourteen such disciplines.

The Board's Code of Ethics restricts the nature of projects a licensee may undertake. The professional engineer may undertake assignments "only when qualified by education or experience in the specific technical field of professional engineering" involved. Reg. Conn. Agencies, D.C.P., § 20-300-12(a)(2). Whereas a structural engineer may be familiar with many aspects of building design and construction, this may not be true of an electrical engineer. Licensees have an ethical responsibility to limit their practice to those professional services for which they are qualified by education or experience.

Office of Education	and Data	Management

What can an engineer do?

While we recognize the overlap in the practice of architecture and engineering, we also recognize the limitations on engineers set forth in the architect's chapter. Conn. Gen. Stat. § 20-298 of the architectural chapter exempts "the practice of engineering by a professional engineer licensed under the provisions of chapter 391, and the performance by such professional engineer of architectural work for which he is qualified by education and experience and which is incidental to his engineering work." (Emphasis added). This exemption section specifically limits such cross practice to situations where the practice of architecture is "incidental" to work being performed by the engineer. Therefore, for example, to be permitted to perform architectural design, an engineer must first be working on an engineering project. See Conn. Op. Atty. Gen. 382 (1987) (Letter to Anthony Masciarelli), dated October 20, 1987.

What can an engineer do?

Ultimately, it is the local building official who is empowered to "accept or approve" only those plans or specifications that are sealed by a licensed architect or a licensed professional engineer. Conn. Gen. Stat. § 20-293. Under Section 110.1 of the Connecticut State Building Code, it is the responsibility of the building official to "pass upon any question relative to the mode, manner of construction or materials to be used in" building construction. Reg. Conn.. Agencies, Public Safety, § 29-252-1a(110.1). Applying these statutory and regulatory guidelines, the building official may determine, for example, that the engineer lacks the education and experience to perform that architecture or that the architectural design work is not "incidental" to engineering work being performed by the engineer.

What can an engineer do?

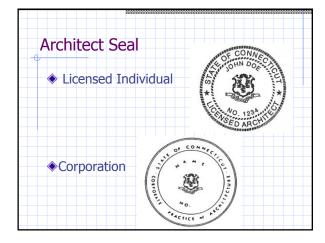
In conclusion, a professional engineer's authority to design buildings may be limited by: 1) his lack of education or experience in that particular phase of engineering; 2) the fact that the design work being performed is not incidental to engineering work; or 3) the determination of a local building official that an architect's seal is required on the plans.

Very truly yours,

RICHARD BLUMENTHAL ATTORNEY GENERAL

Neil G. Fishman Assistant Attorney General

What can a registered interior designer do? ◆ CGS 20-377k (I.D. title law): ...prepares plans and specifications for non-load-bearing interior construction, materials, finishes, space planning, reflected ceiling plans, furnishings, fixtures and equipment relative to the design of interior spaces in order to enhance and protect the health, safety and welfare of the public. Certificate of Registration No Seal Doesn't qualify where codes or statutes specify Licensed Architect or Engineer What can a registered interior designer do? They are "Registered Design Professionals" per building code definition. Attorney General's Opinions 01/24/1994 05/19/1998 Why BO's must look for the seal... CGS Section 20-293 (Architect's seal): Except for plans for buildings or structures under the provisions of section 20-298, no official of this state or of any city, town or borough therein, charged with the enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations relating to the construction or alteration of buildings or structures, shall accept or approve any plans or specifications that are not stamped with the seal of a licensed architect or a licensed professional engineer.



Architect Seal – Paper Submission

DCP Regs. Section 20-289-7(c) An embossing seal, rubber stamp or electronic seal conforming to the above figures as applicable may be used by the licensee.

Architect Seal – Electronic Submission

- ◆ DCP Regs. Section 20-289-7(d)
 An electronic seal shall be permitted on electronic documents if all the following criteria are met:
- (1) It is unique to the architect;
- (2) It is verifiable;
- (3) It is under the architect's direct and exclusive control;

,			
,			

February 2017 **Construction Documents**

Architect Seal -**Electronic Submission**

- (4) It is linked to the electronic document in such a manner that causes changes to be easily determined and visually displayed if any data in the electronic document file is changed subsequent to the electronic seal having been affixed to the electronic document;
- (5) Any attempt to change the electronic document after the electronic seal is affixed shall cause the electronic seal to be removed or altered significantly enough to invalidate the electronic seal; and
- (6) Any time the electronic document is to be electronically transmitted, the electronic document shall be converted to a read-only format.

Must construction documents be signed?

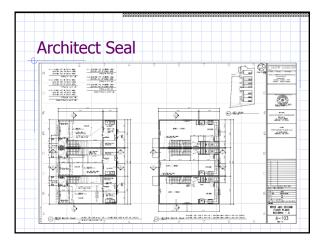
CGS Section 20-293 (Architect's seal):

Except for plans for buildings or structures under the provisions of section 20-298, no official of this state or of any city, town or borough therein, charged with the enforcement of laws, ordinances or regulations relating to the construction or alteration of buildings or structures, shall accept or approve any plans or specifications that are not **stamped** with the seal of a licensed architect or a licensed professional engineer.

Must construction documents be signed?

- Architect Only seal is required.
- ◆Professional Engineer Seal or sign &

seal engineering documents
◆Land Surveyor – Sign & seal survey
maps
◆Registered Interior Designer – Seal or
signature optional.
Per DCP Regulations



Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

◆ 2012 IRC Section R106 – Construction Documents
R106.1 Submittal documents. Submittal documents consisting
of construction documents, and other data shall be submitted in
two or more sets with each application for a permit. The
construction documents shall be prepared by a registered design
professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in

construction documents shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed. Where special conditions exist, the building official is authorized to require additional construction documents to be prepared by a registered design professional.

Exception: The building official is authorized to <u>waive the</u> <u>submission of construction documents</u> and other data not required to be prepared by a registered design professional if it is found that the nature of the work applied for is such that <u>reviewing of construction documents</u> is not necessary to obtain compliance with this code.

Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

2012 IRC Section R106 - Construction Documents

R106.1.1 Information on construction documents.

Construction documents shall be drawn upon suitable material. Electronic media documents are permitted to be submitted when approved by the building official. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and relevant laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, as determined by the building official. Where required by the building official, all braced wall lines, shall be identified on the construction documents and all pertinent information including, but not limited to, bracing methods, location and length of braced wall panels, foundation requirements of braced wall panels at top and bottom shall be provided.

Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

2012 IRC Section R106 - Construction Documents

R106.2 Site plan or plot plan. The construction documents submitted with the application for permit shall be accompanied by a site plan showing the size and location of new construction and existing structures on the site and distances from lot lines. In the case of demolition, the site plan shall show construction to be demolished and the location and size of existing structures and construction that are to remain on the site or plot. The building official is authorized to waive or modify the requirement for a site plan when the application for permit is for alteration or repair or when otherwise warranted.

Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

2012 IRC Section R106 - Construction Documents

R106.3.3 Phased approval. The building official is authorized to issue a permit for the construction of foundations or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have been submitted, provided that adequate information and detailed statements have been filed complying with pertinent requirements of this code. The holder of such permit for the foundation or other parts of a building or structure shall proceed at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted.

Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

2012 IRC Section R106 - Construction Documents

R106.4 Amended construction documents. Work shall be installed in accordance with the *approved construction documents*, and any changes made during construction that are not in compliance with the *approved construction documents* shall be resubmitted for approval as an amended set of *construction documents*.

Construction Documents for

1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

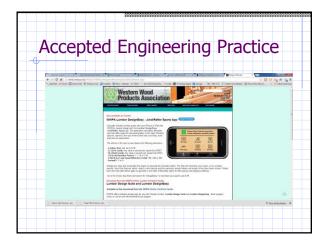
2012 IRC Section R301 - Design Criteria

R301.1.3 Engineered design. When a building of otherwise conventional construction contains structural elements exceeding the limits of Section R301 or otherwise not conforming to this code, these elements shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice. The extent of such design need only demonstrate compliance of nonconventional elements with other applicable provisions and shall be compatible with the performance of the conventional framed system. Engineered design in accordance with the *International Building Code* is permitted for all buildings and structures, and parts thereof, included in the scope of this code.

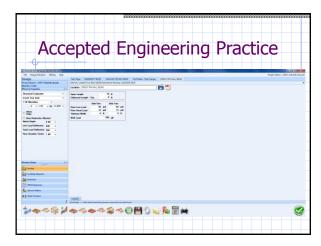
Who's the structural designer?

- Code phrase:
 - "Accepted engineering practice"
- Accepted formulae
- Recognized calculations
- Software calculations
- ◆Tables from recognized sources

Accepted Engineering Practice | Name | State | State







February 2017 **Construction Documents**

Engineered Design SECTION R301.6 IRC Interpretation No. 17-06 2003 Edition Issued: 10-11-2006 R301.6 Roof load. Roof shall be designed for the live load indicated in Table R301.6 or the snow load indicated in Table R301.2(1), whichever is greater. wmxhcker is greater. Q: When calculating the roof snow load for an engineered design, does the 'GROUND SNOW LOAD' established by the local jurisdiction and provided in Table R301.2(1) require consideration of additional snowloads, such as dirfting and sliding snow? A: Yes. When engineering design is required for a building or structure the design roof snow load must be determined in accordance with accepted engineered practice. This will require consideration of, but not be limited to, the importance factor, roof exposure, roof themal conditions, roof slope, partial loading, unbalanced loads, snow drifts on lower roofs and sliding snow as applicable. The IRC has considered all applicable snow load factors within the scope of the prescriptive provisions. For example, the prescriptive provisions of the IRC are for a simple rectangular building with a gable or hip nort. There are no prescriptive provisions for lower roots, therefore, diffigured and sliding on lower roofs is not applicable. However, in the case of the wood frame rafter tables, unbalanced roof snow load has been considered and controls the design.

Construction Documents for 1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouses

2012 IRC Chap. 11 – Energy Conservation

N1101.5 (R101.5.1) Compliance materials. The building official shall be permitted to approve specific computer software, worksheets, compliance manuals and other similar materials that meet the intent of this code.

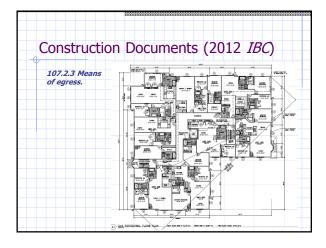
Construction Documents for	
1 & 2 Family Dwellings & Townhouse	S

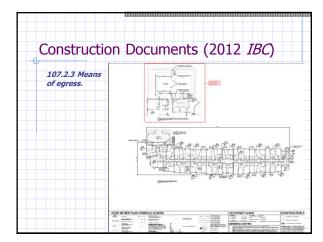
2012 IRC Chap. 11 - Energy Conservation Section N1101.8 - Information on Construction Documents:

- Insulation materials & R-values Fenestraton U-factors & SHGC's
- Area-weighted U-factor & SHGC calculations
- Mechanical system design criteria
- Mechanical & service water heating system & equipment types, sizes & efficiencies
- Economizer description
- Equipment & systems controls
- Fan motor HP & controls
- Duct sealing, duct & pipe insulation
- Lighting fixture schedule w/ wattage & control narrative
- Air sealing details

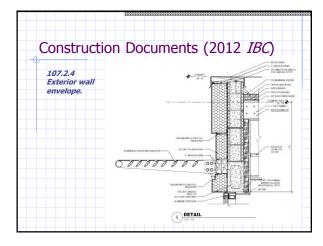
What is an acceptable set of construction documents for a residential project? "Builder's Set"? What is that anyway? IRC breakdown: ■ 40% is M/P/E. 35% is structural. 25% is general planning. What do your construction documents show? CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS FOR Commercial-type Projects (IBC buildings) Definition (202.0): Written, graphic and pictorial documents prepared or assembled for describing the design, location and physical characteristics of the elements of a project necessary for obtaining a building permit... Construction Documents (2012 IBC) Section 107 – Submittal Documents 107.1 General. Submittal documents consisting of construction documents, statement of special inspections, geotechnical report and other data shall be submitted in two or more sets with each permit application. The construction documents shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed. Where special conditions exist, the building official is authorized to require additional construction documents to be prepared by a registered design professional. Exception: The building official is authorized to waive the submission of construction documents and other data not required to be prepared by a registered design professional if it is found that the nature of the work applied for is such that review of construction documents is not necessary to obtain compliance with this code

Construction Documents (2012 IBC) 107.2 Construction documents. 107.2.1 Information on construction documents. Construction documents shall be dimensioned and drawn upon suitable material. Electronic media documents are permitted to be submitted when approved by the building official. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and relevant laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, as determined by the building official. Construction Documents (2012 IBC) 107.2 Construction documents. 107.2.2 Fire protection system shop drawings. (CT Amendment) Fire sprinkler system shop drawings. Shop drawings for fire sprinkler system(s) shall be submitted to indicate conformance to this code and the construction documents and shall be approved prior to the start of system installation. Shop drawings shall contain all information as required by the referenced installation standards in Chapter 9. Such documents shall be accompanied by evidence of licensure by the state pursuant to section 29-263a of the Connecticut General Statutes. Licensed Automatic Fire Sprinkler System Layout Technician or P.E. Construction Documents (2012 IBC) 107.2.3 Means of egress. The construction documents shall show in sufficient detail the location, construction, size and character of all portions of the means of egress including the path of the exit discharge to the public way in compliance with the provisions of this code. In other than occupancies in Groups R-2, R-3, and I-1, the construction documents shall designate the number of occupants to be accommodated on every floor, and in all rooms and





Construction Documents (2012 IBC) 107.2.4 Exterior wall envelope. Construction documents for all buildings shall describe the exterior wall envelope in sufficient detail to determine compliance with this code. The construction documents shall provide details of the exterior wall envelope as required, including flashing, intersections with dissimilar materials, corners, end details, control joints, intersections at roof, eaves or parapets, means of drainage, water-resistive membrane and details around openings. The construction documents shall include manufacturer's installation instructions that provide supporting documentation that the proposed penetration and opening details described in the construction documents maintain the weather resistance of the exterior wall envelope. The supporting documentation shall fully describe the exterior wall system which was tested, where applicable, as well as the test procedure used.



Construction Documents (2012 IBC)

107.2.5 Site plan.

The construction documents submitted with the application for permit shall be accompanied by a site plan showing to scale the site and location of new construction and existing structures on the site, distances from lot lines, the established street grades and the proposed finished grades and, as applicable, flood hazard areas, floodways, and design flood elevations; and it shall be drawn in accordance with an accurate boundary line survey. In the case of demolition, the site plan shall show construction to be demolished and the location and size of existing structures and construction that are to remain on the site or plot. The building official is authorized to waive or modify the requirement for a site plan when the application for permit is for alteration or repair or when otherwise warranted.

107.2.5.1 Design flood elevations.

Where design flood elevations are not specified, they shall be established in accordance with Section 1612.3.1.

Construction Documents (2012 IBC)

703.2 Fire-resistance ratings. The fire-resistance rating of building elements, components or assemblies shall be determined in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E 119 or UL 263 or in accordance with Section 703.3. Where materials, systems or devices that have not been tested as part of a fire-resistance-rated assembly are incorporated into the building element, component or assembly, sufficient data shall be made available to the building official to show that the required fire-resistance rating is not reduced. Materi-

February 2017 **Construction Documents**

Construction Documents (2012 IBC) [F] 907.1.2 Fire alarm shop drawings. Shop drawings for fire alarm systems shall be submitted for review and approval prior to system installation, and shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following: 907.1.1 Construction Documents (Fire Alarm & Detection Systems) 1. A floor plan that indicates the use of all rooms. Construction documents for fire 2. Locations of alarm-initiating devices. alarm systems shall be of sufficient Locations of alarm notification appliances, includ-ing candela ratings for visible alarm notification appliances. clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the work Location of fire alarm control unit, transponders and notification power supplies. proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and the State Fire Safety 6. Power connection Battery calculations. Conductor type and sizes. Code as determined by the code official. 9. Voltage drop calculations (2016 CT Amend.) Details of ceiling height and construction. The interface of fire safety control functions

13. Classification of the supervising station.

Construction Documents (2012 IBC) 1603.1 Construction Documents (Structural) · Structural members of each floor level: size, section & location · Columns: Dimensional locations Design Loads Floor Live Load · Roof Live Load

- Roof Snow Load Data (CT amended 1603.1.3)
- Wind Design Data
- Earthquake Design Data
- Geotechnical Information (Soil load-bearing values)
- · Flood Design Data
- Special Loads
- Systems & Components Requiring Special Inspections for Seismic Resistance

Construction	Documents	(2012	$IR \cap$
CONSCIUCTION	Documents	(2012	IDC_{j}

1803.6 Reporting (Soils & Foundations)

Where geotechnical investigations are required, a written report of the investigations shall be submitted to the building official by the owner or authorized agent at the time of permit application. This geotechnical report shall include, but need not be limited to, the following information....

- Boring logs
- Water table
- · Recommendation for foundation type or design criteria
- · Expected settlement
- Etc

Construction Documents (2012 IBC)

1901.3 Construction Documents (Concrete Const.)

- · Compressive strength
- Reinforcement grade & strength
- Size & location of structural elements, reinforcement & anchors
- Provisions for dimensional changes resulting from creep, shrinkage & temperature
- · Anchorage length of reinforcement & location & length of lap splices
- . Type & location of mechanical & welded splices of reinforcement.
- Details & location of contractor or isolation joints specified for plain concrete
- Data & details regarding prestressed, posttensioned or slabs on grade used as siesmic diaphragm.

Construction Documents (2012 IBC)

2101.3 Construction Documents (Masonry Const.)

- · Reinforcement, anchors & wall ties: size, grade, type, locations
- Reinforcing bars to be welded & welding procedure
- · Size & location of structural elements
- Provisions for dimensional changes resulting from elastic deformation, creep, shrinkage, temperature & moisture.
- Loads used in the design of masonry.
- Compressive strength of masonry.
- Details of anchorage of masonry to structural members, frames, etc.
- Size & permitted location of conduits, pipes & sleeves.
- Testing & inspection per Chapter 17.

2101.3.1 Fireplace Drawings

Construction Documents (2012 IBC)

3103.2 Construction Documents (Temporary Structures)

3103.2 Construction documents. A *permit* application and *construction documents* shall be submitted for each installation of a temporary structure. The *construction documents* shall include a site plan indicating the location of the temporary structure and information delineating the *means of egress* and the *occupant load*.

Office of	Education	and Data	Management
Office of	Laucanon	and Data	Managomont

Written documents Specifications Examples: 07840 - Firestopping 09511 - Suspended Acoustical Ceilings 15072 - Vibration Isolation and Seismic Restraint Notes on Drawings Code compliance table Outline specifications Soils report

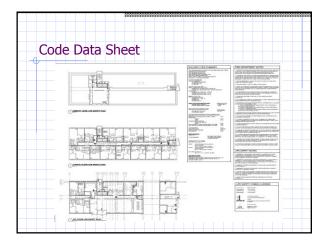
	SECTION 07 84 13
	PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING
	PART 1 - GENERAL
Specs	1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS
	Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Drivision 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
T I	1.02 SUBBARY
	A. This Section includes through-penetration fluestop systems for penetration through flue-restrance-rated constructions, including both empty openings and openings containing penetrating dema.
	Radata Sections solution for fallowing: The Devices 2.3 and 2.2 Sections properlying princip presentations. Devices 2.3 Sections specifying date presentations. Devices 2.5 Sections specifying date presentations. Devices 2.5 Sections specifying close and conclusi
	1.03 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
	A. Control. For posentrations through the ensistance-noted constructions, including both empty openings and opening-continuous positrating neuro, provide freely-positration flexibility opening and opening continuous positrating neurons are considered for according to the control of the provide and the control of the secondary to the control opening of the control opening of the control opening openi
	B. Read Systems: Provide duragly questioning feeting systems with the following strang- distribution part CL 1479. 1. F. Read Systems: Provide disregal-positioning flexing systems with Festings; 1. F. Read Systems: Provide disregal-positioning flexing systems with resting provided and stranger of the stranger of th
	1.04 SUBMITTALS
	A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
	B. Through-Pestation Fire-top System Code/in Endicate locations of each through- peasatistion feature system, along with the following information.

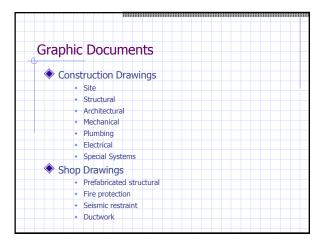
		Types of communications penetrated, including free-resistance ratings and, where applicable, thicknesses of construction penetrated. Through-penetration freedop systems for each location identified by freedop design designation of qualified testing and impecting agency.	
Specs	1.05	QUALITY ASSURANCE	
Specs	3	Source Limitations: Obtain through-penetration firestop systems, for each kind of penetration and construction condition indicated, through one source from a single- manufacturer.	
		Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide through-penetration firestop systems that comply with the following requirements and those specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article:	
	1	 First topping texts are performed by a qualified texting and importing agency. A qualified texting and importing agency is UL, or another agency performing texting and follow-up importion services for firestop systems acceptable to authorize having jurisdation. 	
	1.06	DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING	
	- 1	Deliner through-penetration frientop system products to Project size in original, improved continuers or packages with instrict and leighle manufacturers' labels industribing products and manufacturers, diese of manufactures, jot annulus, ladad life if applicable, qualified testing and super-tim generally is closely faction marking applicable to Project, curring time, and manuag mutricessom for multi-component materials.	
	-	Store and handle materials for through-penetration frestop systems to prevent their deterioration or dimage due to moniture, temperature changes, continuanants, or other causes.	
	1.07	PROTECT CONDITIONS	
	-	Environmental Limitations: Do not motal through-penetration friction systems when imbount or substitute temperatures are outside limit permitted by through-penetration flowstop system manufacturers or when substitutes are wet due to rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.	
		Ventilate through-penetration freetop systems per manufacturer's written instructions by natural means or, where this is madequate, forced-air circulation.	
	1.08	COORDINATION	
		Coordinate construction of openings and penetrating items to ensure that through- penetration frestop systems are installed according to specified requirements.	
		Do not cover up through-penetration firestop system notalizations that will become conceased behind other construction until each installation has been examined by building inspector, if required by authorities having jurisdiction.	

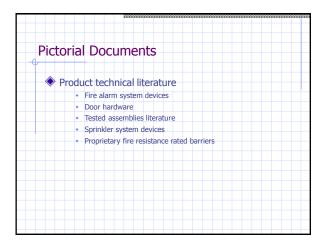
	PART 2 - PRODUCTS
	2.01 FIRESTOPPING, GENERAL
Specs	A Compariship: Provide through-potentinion frestop systems that are comparish with one another, with the substrate forming quantity, and with the team, if any, posenting through-potentine factors for they system, under confirms of service and application, and demonstrated by through-potentinion feeting system manufacture based on texture and findle operations.
	B. Accessorie: Provide component for such through-penetration favotrp system that are assisted to mixed fill anterests and so comply with Part 1 Performance Requirements. Area to De only recognosis specified by quadrip-mentation feether system manufacture and approved by qualified testing and importing agency for thesito systems indicated.
	2.02 MANUFACTURERS
	A. Findow: Subject to complines with sequencests, provide one of the drough- penetration fearly system distribution of the calcularities of the drough- ties following numerical fearly complied to the control of the 1 Control of the Control of the Control of the 2 Control of the Control of the 3 Hole for 4 John March 4 March March 5 NICO Date 6 NICO has been produced to the control of the 1 Control of technologies like 1 Control of technologies like 1 Tomaco Scientific March Deviane. 9 Transac Scientific March Deviane. 10 USG Computation.
	2.05 MIXING
	A. For these products resource mixing before opticities, comply with through- pensations feeterly system auministratives with mechanisms for security proportioning of naturals), write (O required, O resolve of mixing expension, selection of mixing continue, mixing continue, mixing times already and proceedings made to purpose the continue of the continue optical selection of the application indicated.
	PART 3 - EXECUTION
	3.01 EXAMPLATION
	A Examine substrates and conditions, with funtiller present, for compliance with requirements of opening configurations, practicing near, substrates, and other conditions affecting performance of write. 1. Proceed with natisfacts only after manifestury conditions have been converted.

	3.02 PREPARATION
Specs	A Surface Cassing. Class on specials associately before actualize develop- position for theory symme to require with fine-trap resummentations: warms native deem and with the following requirement: 1. Zenow between the contraction of the comparation of the co
	B. Primite: Prime substates where recommended in uring by through-posterious factors system annualization as using manufacturer and incommended products and methods. Confine primers to areas of bond, do not allow spikeps and magnitum onto exposed ourfaces.
	C. Masking Tape: Use marking tops to prevent through-puset nation favotop systems from contracting adjourning nutries of that will reason exposed on completion of Work and that world observe be personnedly triated of entanged by rank contact or by channing method used to remove unseen from first-pay system method. Enteror type as soon as possible without families flattering results and with adductance.
	3.03 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEM INSTALLATION
	A. General: Install through-penetration freetop systems to comply with Part 1. "Performance Requirements" Article and with freetop system annualisations's written mutulation instructions and published drawings for products and applications indicated.
	B Install forming-diamenting backing unsteads and other accessories of types required to support file intensis domay these application and in the position model to produce a support of the position and a stress of the position and all the position and all the positions and all the positions of the position of the conductable forming materials and allowest given be to fully course, remove components of feering types.
	C. Install fill instantials for flowing systems by pursues because the produce the following seads: 1. The visib and creates flowed by opening, fill immage quarterials, accreainess, and 2. Apply memorials variety createst and milliones to solventies reduced by openings and person strang season. Apply the production of the createst and milliones to solventies reduced by openings and person strang season. The contract of the contract of the contract of the completing With, finish to produce cancella, milliones such cancel cancel season deposition.
	3.04 IDENTIFICATION
	A Identify disough-penetration fractop systems with preparated metal or plants labels. Area labels permanently to surface adjacent to and within 'duched [15' am) of edge of the first-pot systems or that labels will be valued to anysize scaling to more penetrating seems or facetop systems. One mechanical factories from metal labels. For plants labels, was self-distinging type with addiscince capable of permanently bending

		2000	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	****	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	3333	666
Specs																				
	2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 8 3 0 5 G M W 50 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Note Three insp Date Three	n on lal words dy Bulk tractor ough-p ecting of on ough-p aller's s G ANI mores: ing ma- mal prot ch-pense is Compressed by and	bel: "Warm dang M i mame emetrati agency- tallation emetrati agency- tallation pricol dama eration dama dama	ing - Ti imagen , addres on fire on fi	through sent of on, and ontop of the sport o	Penets Any D phone yotem to open wed in damag condition in prote iorated	ration I temaps number design armifact writes mater as dura without of through	Work in the market in the mark	of approgramme. programme. p	m - Do plicable naes by penets openin stallate seriorat seriorat se fire	Not I	ods and ir estop to: ensure tone of							
								ENI	OF	SEC	TION	1078	34 13							







Cor	ntact	
4		
Mil	lton Gregory Grew, AIA	
Mo	obile (203) 217-1074	
	nail mggrew@grewdesign.com	
We	eb www.CTbuildingcodes.com	