Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program Black non-Hispanic People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2018

			Mode of Transmission															
	Total		MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown	
	N	% of total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total
Total	3,601	100.0	711	19.7	962	26.7	64	1.8	1,315	36.5	65	1.8	162	4.5	3	0.1	319	8.9
Sex																		
Male	2,112	58.7	711	33.7	621	29.4	64	3.0	451	21.4	34	1.6			2	0.1	229	10.8
Female	1,489	41.3			341	22.9			864	58.0	31	2.1	162	10.9	1	0.1	90	6.0
Current Age																		
<20	33	0.9	12	36.4					1	3.0	11	33.3	1	3.0			8	24.2
20-29	277	7.7	159	57.4	2	0.7	2	0.7	57	20.6	33	11.9	9	3.2			15	5.4
30-39	463	12.9	176	38.0	22	4.8	7	1.5	171	36.9	21	4.5	23	5.0			43	9.3
40-49	627	17.4	118	18.8	73	11.6	9	1.4	298	47.5			56	8.9	2	0.3	71	11.3
50-59	1,144	31.8	168	14.7	357	31.2	23	2.0	451	39.4			43	3.8			102	8.9
60+	1,057	29.4	78	7.4	508	48.1	23	2.2	337	31.9			30	2.8	1	0.1	80	7.6

Data based on last known address as of 2018

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 2019