

**Connecticut Department of Public Health HIV Surveillance Program
Hispanic/Latino People Living with HIV Infection by Sex, Race, and Risk, Connecticut, 2018**

	Mode of Transmission																	
	Total		MSM		PWID		MSM and IDU		Heterosexual contact		Perinatal		Presumed Heterosexual contact		Other		Unknown	
	N	% of total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total	N	% of row total
Total	3,566	100.0	884	24.8	1,179	33.1	76	2.1	1,031	28.9	71	2.0	76	2.1	2	0.1	247	6.9
Sex																		
Male	2,297	64.4	884	38.5	800	34.8	76	3.3	312	13.6	32	1.4	--	--	1	0.0	192	8.4
Female	1,269	35.6	--	--	379	29.9	--	--	719	56.7	39	3.1	76	6.0	1	0.1	55	4.3
Current Age																		
<20	15	0.4	4	26.7	--	--	--	--	2	13.3	8	53.3	--	--	--	--	1	6.7
20-29	230	6.4	146	63.5	5	2.2	2	0.9	21	9.1	47	20.4	1	0.4	--	--	8	3.5
30-39	453	12.7	207	45.7	54	11.9	10	2.2	113	24.9	16	3.5	19	4.2	1	0.2	33	7.3
40-49	849	23.8	229	27.0	248	29.2	24	2.8	254	29.9	--	--	22	2.6	--	--	72	8.5
50-59	1,250	35.1	220	17.6	519	41.5	32	2.6	381	30.5	--	--	19	1.5	--	--	79	6.3
60+	769	21.6	78	10.1	353	45.9	8	1.0	260	33.8	--	--	15	2.0	1	0.1	54	7.0

Data based on last known address as of 2018

The term HIV Infection is used to refer to three categories of diagnoses collectively:

- 1 - persons with a diagnosis of HIV infection (not AIDS)
- 2 - a diagnosis of HIV infection and a later diagnosis of AIDS
- 3 - concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS

Source: HIV Surveillance Registry for cases reported through December 2019