

2022 Connecticut Statewide Freight Plan Update

The Connecticut Statewide Freight Plan Update (Plan) serves as the long-range strategic plan for Connecticut's multimodal freight transportation system. The development of the plan was guided by the 2021 Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL). The Plan was approved by the Federal Highway Administration in January 2023.



Goods Movement and Connecticut's Economy

Millions of tons and billions of dollars in freight annually traverse Connecticut's transportation infrastructure, including finished goods and intermediate materials. In 2019, \$110.5 billion in direct outbound, inbound, and intraregional freight was moved on Connecticut's freight network. Such direct freight sales are associated with 451,100 direct regional jobs, almost 20 percent of the state's economy. These jobs earn \$36.5 billion in income.

Trucks carry the majority of freight in Connecticut based on tonnage (91%) and value (89%). Freight tonnage by ports and rail were at 5 percent and 4 percent, respectively. More

truck freight was shipped through Connecticut than inbound, outbound, and intra-county

freight movements, at about 42 percent. I-95 from the New York/Connecticut border to New Haven and I-91 between New Haven and Hartford carry the heaviest truck volumes. Truck freight is forecast to increase by 20 percent by 2040 (an increase of over 31 million tons).

New Haven and I-91

between New Haven

and Hartford carry the

heaviest truck volumes.

Connecticut Freight By the numbers

Connecticut's freight transportation system is a critical component of the local, state, New England, and national economy. Connecticut has an extensive and interconnected network of freight assets:



21,557Miles of Roadway



1,406Miles on the State National Highway System



628Miles of Freight
Railroad Right-of-Way



3Deep-water
Commercial Ports



, ■ Major Cargo Airport



590Miles of Gas
Transmission Pipeline



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Total Economic
Impact of Freight
Activity in
Connecticut



SUPPORTING OVER

451K Jobs

REPRESENTING



19.3%

of the State Employment Base with Earnings of

\$36.5 Billion.

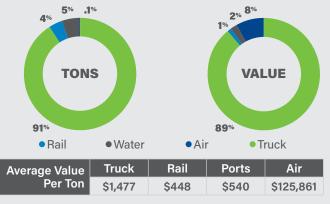


PRODUCING

\$50.5 Billion

in gross regional product.

Freight Tonnage and Value by Mode, 2019*



Growth in Truck Volumes + Commodities

By 2040, CT Truck freight is projected to increase over 31 million tons to 189 million tons, a **20% total increase**.

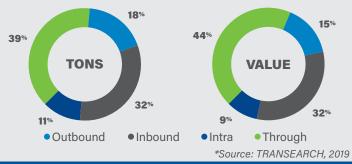


Truck value is projected to grow by \$91 billion a **39% increase**



Rail freight is projected to **increase by 30 percent by 2040**

Freight Movement by Direction, 2019*





Major commodity growth includes Food or Kindred products (46%) and Secondary Traffic (52%)



Petroleum or Coal Products are forecast to **decline by 17%**

Economic Safety & Security **Competitiveness** & Efficiency FREIGHT **Optimized** Operations, State of **PLAN** Performance, **Good Repair** GOALS & Resiliency **Program & Equity, Environmental Service Delivery Protection, & Livability**

Highlights of the general freight recommendations include:**

- Prioritize new studies and existing programmed projects designed to improve freight mobility and eliminate freight bottlenecks.
- Evaluate implementation opportunities for the Truck Parking Study recommendations by identifying locations for adding additional truck parking.
- Coordinate across neighboring states,
 Connecticut MPOs and COGs, CTDOT departments, public and private sector freight stakeholders.
- Expand the use of intelligent transportation systems (ITS), freight technology, and innovation to improve the flow of freight.
- Address safety/congestion infrastructure needs on highways during the project development process.
- Identify opportunities to invest in freight infrastructure projects using federal and state funding sources. Monitor federal discretionary grant opportunities and identify potential freight projects that may be eligible.