PROJECT CHARTER

Connecticut Health Information Technology Program Management Office

Electronic Clinical Quality Measures Design Group

VERSION: 1.3 REVISION DATE: 3/14/2017

Approval of the Project Charter indicates an understanding of the purpose and content described in this deliverable. By signing this deliverable, each individual agrees work should be initiated on this project and necessary resources should be committed as described herein.

Approver Name	Title	Signature	Date
Allan Hackney	Connecticut Health Information Technology Officer		

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Section 1. Project Overview

1.1 Problem Statement and Project Purpose

Describe the business reason(s) for initiating the project, specifically stating the business problem.

- ⇒ The Health Information Technology Officer is charged with coordinating the implementation of meaningful quality and performance measures, data driven quality improvement, and shared health information technology systems and functionalities within the state. The healthcare system is transitioning from one driven by fee-for-service payment to paying for value through alternative payment models (APM). Successful execution of APMs requires the use of electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) that draw from clinical data contained in electronic health records (EHRs) and other clinical sources. The use of such measures in APMs will drive improvement in healthcare outcomes. The SIM Quality Council recommended a common set of quality measures for use by public and private payers in their APMs. Nearly half of these measures are eCQMs that require data from EHRs. Connecticut's payers have not agreed to adopt the eCQM measures, citing the lack of an efficient means to do so. Additionally, consumers and others do not have access to information about the healthcare outcomes achieved by Connecticut's accountable healthcare providers.
- ⇒ The purpose of this design group is to identify the objectives and requirements of an efficient, shared, statewide health IT-enabled electronic clinical quality measure solution that can extract, aggregate, and analyze relevant data from existing clinical sources (e.g. EHRs and registries) in the context of APMs. The design group may consider future requirements related to the integration of data from other electronic sources such as claims, patient-generated data, and state-sponsored databases.

1.2 Project Goals and Objectives

Describe the business goals and objectives of the design group project. Refine the goals and objectives stated in the Business Case.

- ⇒ Identification of value propositions of a shared health IT-enabled eCQM solution
- ⇒ Identification of priority use cases that can be enabled by a shared eCQM solution
- ⇒ Identification of a set of clearly defined business requirements associated with the priority use cases
- ⇒ Identification of a set of agreed upon functional requirements that augment and inform the business requirements, including considerations for:
 - Clinical data extraction approach likely to meet the needs of a provider community with varying level of readiness for data extraction (as distinct from eCQM extraction)
 - Secure data transport
 - o Data validation methods, including patient attribution to providers and organizations

- o Desired feedback methods of aggregate and individual quality reports
- Desired system performance reports and auditing capabilities
- o Other system user needs for health IT-enabled measurement
- Desired technical assistance framework including targeted and prioritized provider categories, sequence, and prioritized topics (e.g., support with data extraction vs. data analytics)
- ⇒ Considerations for financial sustainability models
- ⇒ Alignment of stakeholders around the above recommendations including Medicaid, commercial payers, accountable provider organizations, and consumers
- ⇒ Recommendations that accommodate the Quality Council's recommended core set of quality measures, and other quality measures that present a value proposition to stakeholders

1.3 Project Scope

Describe the project scope. The scope defines project limits and identifies the products and/or services delivered by the project. The scope establishes the boundaries of the project and should describe products and/or services that are outside of the project scope.

Project Includes

Health IT-enabled quality measure capabilities and processes (e.g., extracting, aggregating, analyzing, reporting) and use cases as they relate to Medicaid, Medicare, and commercial APMs, including Shared Savings Programs (SSPs).

Health IT-enabled quality measure processes and use cases as they relate to the reporting efficiency opportunities and analytic needs of clinicians and provider organizations adopting APM arrangements within the next three years.

Health IT-enabled quality measure processes and use cases as they relate to the Connecticut State Innovation Model's public scorecard initiative and evaluation efforts.

All clinical data sources, including healthcare provider EHRs, clinical data registries, the APCD, Office of the State Comptroller data warehouse, and payer specific data repositories. The primary focus, however, is on extraction of clinical data contained within EHRs.

Project Excludes

Specific health IT vendor considerations or recommendations

Overall state health IT architecture recommendations

Quality measure selection

1.4 Critical Success Factors

Describe the factors or characteristics that are deemed critical to the success of a project, such that, in their absence the project will fail.

- ⇒ Engagement and support of payer representatives, including Medicaid and commercial health plans
- ⇒ Ability of stakeholders to commit to 90 minute, bi-weekly meetings for 8 weeks
- ⇒ Appropriate stakeholder community representation by design group members

1.5 Assumptions

Describe any project assumptions related to business, technology, resources, scope, expectations, or schedules.

- ⇒ Assumes that appropriate data use agreements and financial sustainability options can be implemented
- ⇒ Assumes that appropriate vendor selection and management will be determined
- ⇒ Assumes that appropriate health IT architecture and standards will be developed

1.6 Constraints

Describe any project constraints being imposed in areas such as schedule, budget, resources, products to be reused, technology to be employed, products to be acquired, and interfaces to other products. List the project constraints based on the current knowledge today.

⇒ Meeting intensive timeline goals by the 4/20/17 final report milestone

Section 2. Project Authority and Milestones

2.1 Funding Authority

Identify the funding amount and source of authorization and method of finance approved for the project.

⇒ The funding model will be determined based on the scope and scale of the recommendations of the design group.

2.2 Project Oversight Authority

Describe management control over the project. Describe external oversight bodies and relevant policies that affect the agency governance structure, project management office, and/or vendor management office.

- ⇒ Section 4 of **Public Act 16-77**, enacted June 2, 2016, authorized the Lieutenant Governor to designate an individual to serve as Health Information Technology Officer and granted the Health Information Technology Officer responsibility for coordinating all state health information technology initiatives. Public Act 16-77 also defines the role of the Health IT Advisory Council to advise the Health Information Technology Officer on developing priorities and policies for the state's health IT efforts.
- ⇒ The Connecticut Health Information Technology Officer will be accountable for the project, reviewing the strategy and recommendations, providing project resources as needed, monitoring progress, and removing barriers. Project resources include facilitation of the design group by health IT consultant group CedarBridge Group LLC, and additional support as needed from the SIM Program Management Office.
- ⇒ The **Health IT Advisory Council** will be responsible for reviewing and approving the design group recommendations.
- ⇒ The **eCQM Design Group** will be responsible for developing and providing recommendations to the Health IT Advisory Council and the Health Information Technology Officer.
- ⇒ The **State Innovation Model Program Management Office** will represent the SIM quality measure alignment and public scorecard initiatives, and facilitate additional input from key stakeholders and partners, including the Quality Council and UConn Health, if needed to support the design group's objectives.

2.3 Major Project Milestones

List the project's major milestones and deliverables and the planned completion dates for delivery. This list should reflect products and/or services delivered to the end user as well as the delivery of key project management or other project-related work products.

Milestone/Deliverable	Planned Completion Date
Kick-Off Meeting: Charter, Value Proposition, Roles and Responsibilities, Timeline	2/16/17
Validate value proposition summary; clinical electronic data sources necessary for clinical quality measures; Review components of a statewide eCQM system and priority use case categories	3/07/17
Review preliminary themes from Environmental Scan; Validate priority use case categories; Validate progress report for 3/16 Health IT Advisory Council; Consider details around the components of a statewide eCQM system	3/14/17
Present progress report to Health IT Advisory Council	3/16/17
Consider draft business and functional requirements	3/21/17
Review synthesis of input and validate recommendations for business and functional requirements	3/28/17
Consider governance, sustainability, and additional component areas requiring ongoing stakeholder planning	4/04/17
Review synthesis of input and validate recommendations for an ongoing planning approach for inclusion in the recommendations to the Health IT Advisory Council; Review and finalize the Design Group's recommendations	4/11/17
Present Final Report and Recommendations to Health IT Advisory Council	4/20/17

All meetings are open to the public. Meeting materials will be posted on the <u>Health IT Advisory Council</u> <u>page.</u>

Section 3. Project Organization

3.1 Project Structure

Executive Sponsor:

Allan Hackney, Connecticut's Health Information Technology Officer

Project Governance:

Health IT Advisory Council: Member Listing

eCQM Design Group:

Name Stakeholder Representation

Patricia Checko, DrPH, MPH Healthcare consumers
David Fusco, MS Commercial payers
Michael Hunt, DO Community Hospital

Craig Summers, MD Clinicians (Physicians, NPs, etc.)
Robert Rioux, MA Federally Qualified Health Centers

Nicolangelo Scibelli, LCSW Behavioral health providers

Nitu Kashyap, MD Hospital system

Tom Woodruff, PhD Office of the State Comptroller

Design group support:

Name Organization

Karen Bell MD SME and facilitator, CedarBridge Group
Carol Robinson SME and co-facilitator, CedarBridge Group

Sarju Shah PM, Connecticut Health IT Program Management Office Faina Dookh PM, State Innovation Model Program Management Office

Michael Matthews SME, CedarBridge Group Wayne Houk PM, CedarBridge Group

Betsy Boyd Flynn Sr. Consultant, CedarBridge Group

Consulted:

Victoria Veltri, Chief Health Policy Advisor, Office of Lt. Governor Nancy Wyman

The Healthcare Innovation Steering Committee

Council on Medical Assistance Program Oversight (MAPOC)

3.2 Roles and Responsibilities

Summarize roles and responsibilities for the eCQM Design Group and stakeholders identified in the project structure above.

Name/Role	Responsibility	
Patricia Checko DrPH, MPH	Provide consumer perspective representation, including engaging the Consumer Advisory Board on key deliberations. The consumer representative should be prepared to speak to the need for transparency of data reflecting the cost, health outcomes, and quality scores of providers and organizations, to inform better consumer decision-making when choosing providers and health plans.	
David Fusco MS	Provide commercial payer perspective representation, including engaging decision-makers within each Connecticut-based commercial payer organization. This representative should be able to speak to the current and planned capacity for payers' health IT-enabled clinical quality measurement processes, value propositions, priority business and use cases, considerations for financing models, and considerations for alignment.	
Michael Hunt DO	Provide clinician perspective representation, including engaging with physician and nursing communities to ensure accurate representation. The clinician representatives should be able to speak to current and planned capacity for clinical data extraction, aggregation, and reporting; priority business and use cases for an aligned health IT-enabled electronic quality measurement system.	
Craig Summers MD	Provide clinician perspective representation, including engaging with physician and nursing communities to ensure accurate representation. The clinician representatives should be able to speak to current and planned capacity for clinical data extraction, aggregation, and reporting; priority business and use cases for an aligned health IT-enabled electronic quality measurement system.	
Robert Rioux MA	Provide broad FQHC perspective representation. The representative for FQHCs should be able to speak to current and planned FQHC capacity for clinical data extraction, aggregation, and reporting; priority business and use cases for an aligned health IT-enabled electronic quality measurement system.	
Nicolangelo Scibelli LCSW	Provide behavioral health provider (clinician and multiple settings of care) perspective representation. The representative of behavioral health should be able to speak to the level of adoption and the challenges of most behavioral health EHR systems' technical ability to collect and extract quality measures in standard formats and opportunities to provide the behavioral health provider community training, education, and workflow support to improve their ability to participate in APMs and quality improvement initiatives.	
Nitu Kashyap MD	Provide hospital and academic medical center perspective representation, including engaging the large system provider community to ensure accurate representation. This representative should able to speak to current and planned large hospital system capacity for clinical data extraction, aggregation, and reporting; priority business and use cases for an aligned health IT-enabled electronic quality measurement system.	
Tom Woodruff, PhD	Provide Office of the State Comptroller (OSC) representation, particularly as it relates to its commercial payer health benefit contracts for state employees. The OSC representative should be able to speak to OSC's current and planned efforts leveraging their commercial contracts to promote the use of clinical data extraction, aggregation, and reporting; and the priority business and use cases they see for leveraging purchasing power to incentivize providers to participate in APMs and quality improvement initiatives.	

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3.3 Project Facilities and Resources

Describe the project's requirements for facilities and resources, such as office space, special facilities, computer equipment, office equipment, and support tools. Identify responsibilities by role for provisioning the specific items needed to support the project environment.

Resource Requirement	Responsibility
Consultants – subject matter expertise, facilitation, content development and synthesis of discussions and decisions by Design Group	Connecticut's Health Information Technology Program Management Office – CedarBridge Group
Web meeting technology	Connecticut's Health Information Technology Program Management Office – CedarBridge Group

Section 4. Glossary

Define all terms and acronyms required to interpret the Project Charter properly.

Term or Acronym	Definition
Accountable healthcare provider organizations, also called Advanced Networks in the SIM initiative	A group of healthcare providers with a unified focus on providing coordinated care for a defined population; ensuring that patients get the right care at the right time, while avoiding unnecessary duplication of services and preventing medical errors. Depending on the structure (e.g. Patient Centered Medical Home, Next Gen Accountable Care Organization), providers and payers may share varying levels of financial risk.
Alternative Payment Model (APM)	A type of payment model based on quality, cost of care, and meeting patient needs rather than a traditional fee-for-service reimbursement. Providers or provider organizations may be eligible for incentive payments and/or financial risk-sharing arrangements. Examples include upside and downside shared savings programs, bundled payments, and global payment. See the Healthcare Payment Learning & Action Network APM White Paper for a comprehensive APM framework.
Attribution	The process of linking a consumer (patient) and their health care provider or providers through a matching / rules-based algorithm to measure quality, cost and health outcomes in healthcare delivery. Accurate attribution of patients to their providers is critical to the success of APMs, both for prospective care coordination and for retrospective measurement of care standards, and requires the technical infrastructure of a master patient index and a master provider directory.
Council on Medical Assistance Program Oversight (MAPOC)	The collaborative body established in 1994 to advise the Department of Social Services (DSS) on matters relating to administering the Medicaid Managed Care Program. Public Act 17b-28 expanded the scope of the Council to include oversight of all Medicaid enrollees. Subcommittees have been created that focus on consumer access, care management, quality improvement, and complex care communities.
Data extraction	The activity and considerations related to harvesting data from electronic system sources for purposes of quality measurement, reporting, or storage, or loading data into another database/information system.

Term or Acronym	Definition
	eCQM is a clinical quality measure that is expressed and formatted to use data from electronic health records (EHR) and/or health information technology systems to measure health care quality, specifically data captured in structured form during the process of patient care. ¹
Electronic clinical quality measures (eCQM)	To report eCQMs from an EHR, standardized data must be extracted via widely adopted standards. They include the Health Level Seven (HL7) standard known as the Health Quality Measures Format (HQMF), which represents a clinical quality measure as an electronic Extensible Markup Language (XML) document that can be captured or stored in the EHR so that the data can be sent or shared electronically.
Electronic health record (EHR)	An information system containing an electronic version of a patient's medical history, that is maintained by the provider over time. The EHR may include the key administrative clinical data relevant to that person's care under a particular provider, including demographics, progress notes, problems, medications, vital signs, past medical history, immunizations, laboratory data and radiology reports.
Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC)	An organization providing comprehensive healthcare services, often including primary care, dental, and mental health services, for an underserved area or population that qualifies for funding under Section 330 of the Public Health Service Act.
Health IT Advisory Council	Advisory group created by Public Act 15-146, and revised under Public Act 16-77, to advise in the development of priorities and policy recommendations for advancing the state's health information technology and health information exchange efforts. The Advisory Council is also charged with advising in the development and implementation of the statewide health information technology plan and health IT standards.
Health IT-enabled Quality Measurement	The measurement of cost and quality utilizing a broader universe of data sources, aggregation, analytics, reporting, and feedback applications and functions enabling population-, community-, and patient-centric measurement informing total cost of care, quality of care, and improved outcomes. ²
Health Information Technology Officer (HITO)	Position created by Public Act 16-77. Designated by the Lieutenant Governor and responsible for coordinating all state health information technology initiatives.
MACRA (Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015)	Federal legislation that reimburses eligible clinicians based on quality metrics, total costs of care for a patient population, clinical quality improvement activities, and use of HIT, as well as participation in APMs.

¹ http://ecqi.healthit.gov/content/glossary-ecqi-terms
² ONC SIM Health IT Resource Center: Health IT-Enabled Quality Measurement Strategic Implementation Guide

Term or Acronym	Definition
Office of the State Comptroller (OSC)	The office mandated to administer and manage medical, dental, and pharmacy benefit programs for state employees, retirees, and family members through its Healthcare Policy & Benefit Services Division. Total beneficiaries exceed 200,000.
Quality Measures (QM)	Quality measures are tools that help us measure or quantify healthcare processes, outcomes, patient perceptions, and organizational structure and/or systems that are associated with the ability to provide high-quality health care and/or that relate to one or more quality goals for health care. These goals include: effective, safe, efficient, patient-centered, equitable and timely care. ³
Shared Savings Programs (SSPs)	A form of a value based payment/ alternative payment model that incents networks of providers to manage healthcare spending and improve quality for a defined patient population by sharing with those organizations a portion of the net savings realized as a result of their efforts. Savings are typically calculated as the difference between actual and expected expenditures, and then shared between payer and providers. Shared savings programs require providers to meet defined targets with respect to quality metrics in order to qualify for shared savings.
State Innovation Model (SIM)	The State Innovation Model (SIM) initiative partners with states to advance multi-payer healthcare payment and delivery system reform models. Each state-led model aims to achieve better quality of care, lower costs, and improved health for the population of the participating states or territory. The initiative is testing the ability of state governments to utilize policy and regulatory levers to accelerate health system transformation to meet these aims. Connecticut's SIM initiative is being coordinated out of the SIM Program Management Office.
SIM Quality Council	Work group created as part of the SIM governance structure to serve as an advisory board for the SIM quality alignment work stream, charged with developing a common set of quality measures.
The Healthcare Innovation Steering Committee	The Connecticut SIM initiative's main advisory committee, chaired by the Lieutenant Governor.
Use Case	A use case is a methodology used in system analysis to identify, clarify, and organize system requirements. The use case is made up of a set of possible sequences of interactions between systems and users in a particular environment and related to a particular goal. A use case can be thought of as a collection of possible scenarios related to a particular goal, indeed, the use case and goal are sometimes considered to be synonymous. ⁴

³ https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/QualityMeasures/index.html?redirect=/QualityMeasures/ ⁴ http://searchsoftwarequality.techtarget.com/definition/use-case

Section 5. Revision History

Identify document changes.

Version	Date	Name	Description
1.0	2/14/17	Version 1: First Draft	First Draft, released to the Health IT Advisory Council on 2/14/17
1.1	2/15/17	Version 1.1	Minor edits to the project scope, roles and responsibilities, and glossary. Clinician TBD designee has been named. Released to the eCQM DG on 2/15/17
1.2	2/16/17	Version 1.2	Edits made to the purpose based on first eCQM design group meeting. Released to the HIT Advisory Council and eCQM DG on 2/16/17
1.3	3/14/17	Version 1.3	Edits made to the membership listing and the milestone/deliverables based on second eCQM design group meeting. Released to the HIT Advisory Council and eCQM DG on 3/16/17