

Medication Reconciliation & Polypharmacy Committee Regular Meeting

September 20, 2021



Agenda

Welcome and Roll Call	Nitu Kashyap, Sean Jeffery	2:00 PM
Review & Approval of August 2021 Minutes	All	2:10 PM
Public Comment	Public	2:15 PM
Final Report	Tom	2:20 PM
BPMH User Interface Requirement Update	UConn Health	2:40 PM
HIE/PDMP Environmental Scan Update	CedarBridge Group	3:00 PM
Questions and Comments	All	3:20 PM
Vote: Final report approval with input with Co-Chair input	All	3:35 PM
Closing Remarks and Thanks	Nitu Kashyap, Sean Jeffery, others	3:40 PM
Meeting Adjournment	All	4:00 PM

Welcome and Roll Call

Nitu Kashyap, Sean Jeffery

Roll Call

Alejandro Gonzalez-Restrepo	<i>Hartford Healthcare</i>	Margherita Giuliano	<i>CT Pharmacists Assoc.</i>
Amy Justice	<i>Yale, VA CT Healthcare System</i>	Marie Renauer	<i>Yale New Haven Health</i>
Dr. Valencia Bagby-Young	<i>DDS</i>	Shawn Ong	<i>Yale School of Medicine</i>
Diana Mager	<i>CT Assoc. Healthcare at Home</i>	MJ McMullen	<i>Surescripts</i>
Dr. Michael Couturie	<i>Cornell Scott-Hill Health Center</i>	Nate Rickles	<i>UConn School of Pharmacy</i>
Elizabeth Taylor	<i>DMHAS</i>	Patricia Carroll	<i>Patient Advocate</i>
Jason Gott	<i>DSS</i>	Rachel Petersen	<i>Surescripts</i>
Jennifer Osowiecki	<i>CHA</i>	Rod Marriott	<i>DCP</i>
Jeremy Campbell	<i>Boehringer-Ingelheim</i>	Stacy Ward-Charlerie	<i>WardRx</i>
Lesley Bennett	<i>Patient Advocate</i>		

Review and Approval of: August 2021 Meeting Minutes

Motion to approve? Second?

Public Comment

A reminder: As a subcommittee of the HITAC members of the public may provide 2 minutes of comment *only* during the public comment period.

Members of the public are welcome to submit written comments to OHS at anytime.

Update: Connie

Jenn Searls

BPMH User Interface Requirements Report

Christina Polomoff

Participant Breakdown

Type of Participant (n=70)	Number	%
Clinicians	34	49%
MRPC Members	6	9%
Patients (in-person)	15	21%
Patients (survey)	15	21%

Type of Clinician (n=34)	Number	%
Physicians	6	17.6%
Medical Residents	13	38%
Pharmacists	4	12.5%
Home Care Nurses	5	14.7%
Primary Care Nurses	2	5.8%
Nurse Care Managers	2	5.8%
Medical Students	1	2.9%
Medical Assistants	1	2.9%

Themes and sub-themes:

- Existing Gaps
- User Interface Optimization
 - Features
 - Visual Appearance
- Safety Considerations
 - Potential Hazards
 - Workflow Considerations
 - Patient Control
 - Patient Safety
- Data
- Best Use Considerations
- Value Proposition

Key Points

- **Existing Gaps**
 - Challenging to accurately perform med rec given gaps in data
- **User Interface Optimization:**
 - Simplify collaboration code process
 - Add menu button of options on home screen
 - Allow filtering of medications in different ways
 - Optimize the Medication History calendar by enabling reminder alerts
 - Adjust font size and color
 - Add pictures of medications

Key Points (cont'd)

- **Safety Considerations:**

- Concerns regarding patient autonomy over prescription medications
- Patients should be able to add comments on *all* medications, but modify only OTC meds
- Concerns regarding alert fatigue for clinicians
- Simplify the language

- **Data:**

- Seamlessly incorporate data from many sources
- Clinicians felt this should be integrated into their EHR

Key Points (cont'd)

- **Best Use Considerations:**

- Could be valuable for health systems, pharmacies, and health plans.
- Patients felt this could facilitate bidirectional communication with their providers, and enhance autonomy.

- **Value Proposition:**

- Could improve patient care across the healthcare landscape
- Could use in population health to close gaps in care and improve plans' star ratings.

Limitations

- 15 of the participants responded via online survey (vs. in-person or live video session)
- Convenience sample, findings may not be generalizable

Recommendations

- **Visualization**
 - Engage graphic designers and health literacy experts
- **Data Privacy**
 - Industry-standard approaches to data security, encryption and log-in
- **Patient Autonomy**
 - Allow patient comments to any medication
- **Data Provenance**
 - Data from disparate sources, both discrete and non-discrete
- **Interoperability**
 - Ensure seamless integrations with EHR and other platforms
 - Compare commercially available medication data bases
- **Platform Expansion**
 - Sync refill/renewal requests with pharmacies
 - Show confidence score
 - Explore ordering/pending Rx, and canceling a Rx through CancelRx
 - Speak with health plans regarding implications on quality measures

MRPC Final Report

Key Recommendations

- Continued support for Connie to develop BPMH
- Use the final report as a resource to inform future work
- Ardent attention to patient needs and desires
- Remain informed about work in other states and technological advances

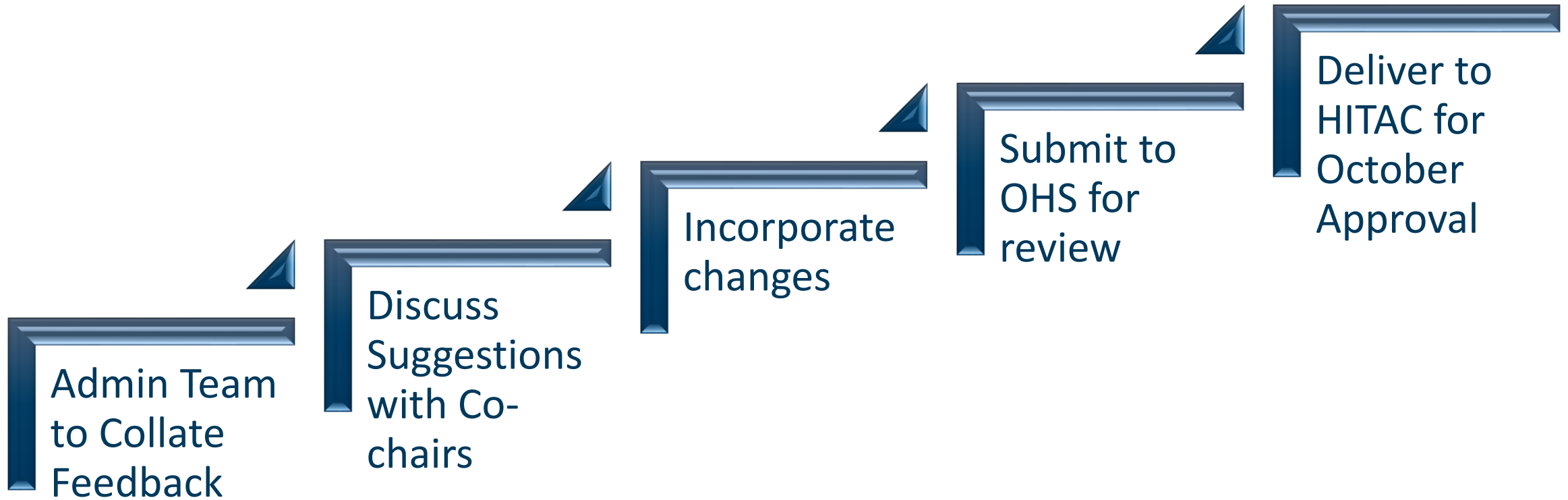
Provide Feedback

- Submit changes/suggestions in table format

Page Number	Section/ sub-section	Comment
14	Accomplishments

- Due to Co-Chairs by September ____

Finalization Process



Medication Data Sources and Use Cases: Environmental Scan

CedarBridge Group

Potential Sources for Medication Data

- Pharmacies
- Medication Data Vendors
- Payors
- Providers
- Pharmacy Benefits Managers (PBMs)
- Patients

Potential Use Cases for Medication Data

- Medication Reconciliation
- Medication History
- Chronic Disease Management
- Population Health / Analytics

Use Case Example: Michigan Health Information Network (MiHIN):

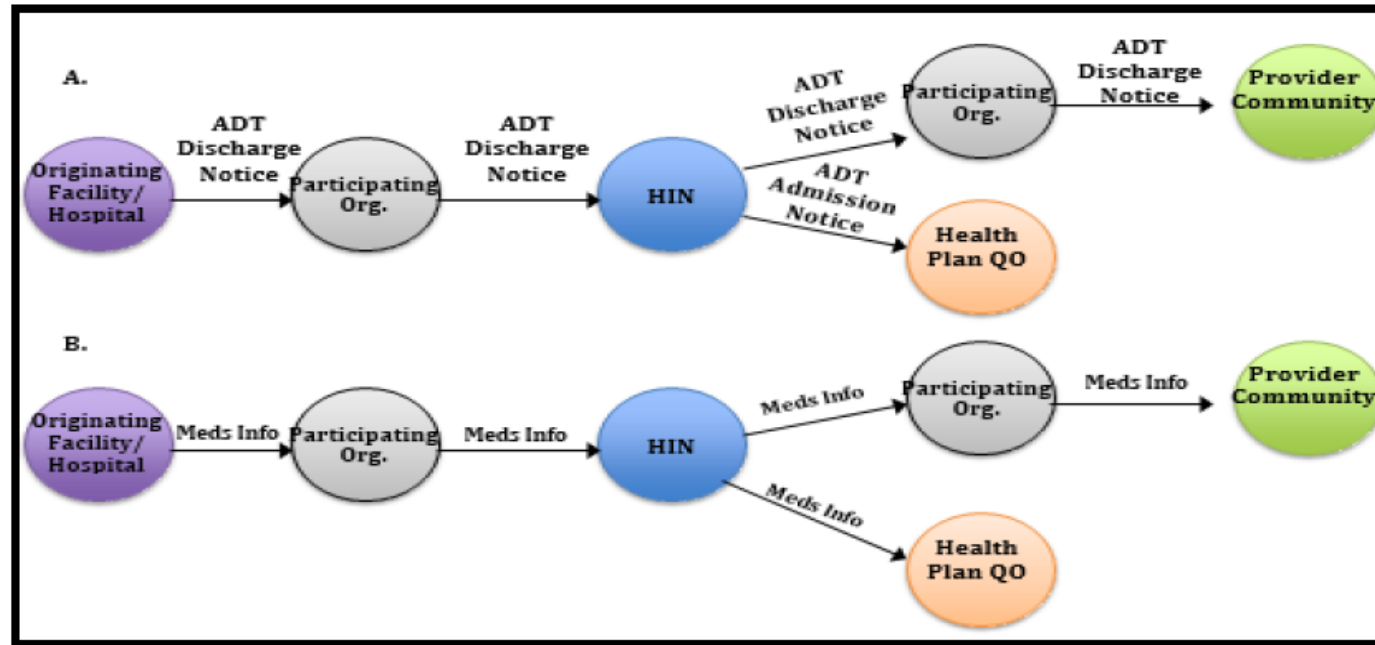


Figure 1. Data Flow for Discharge Medication Reconciliation

- A. A discharge notification for the patient is sent from the originating facility/hospital to the providers in an active care relationship with the patient and the health plan(s) via the statewide ADT notification service.
- B. Information containing medication reconciliation for the patient is sent at the time of discharge from the originating hospital/facility to the providers in an active care relationship with the patient and to the health plan(s) via Medication Reconciliation.

Standards & Terminologies: Use Case Implications

Policy-makers should collaborate with industry and subject-matter experts to inform which standards are selected for incentivization to promote broad adoption.

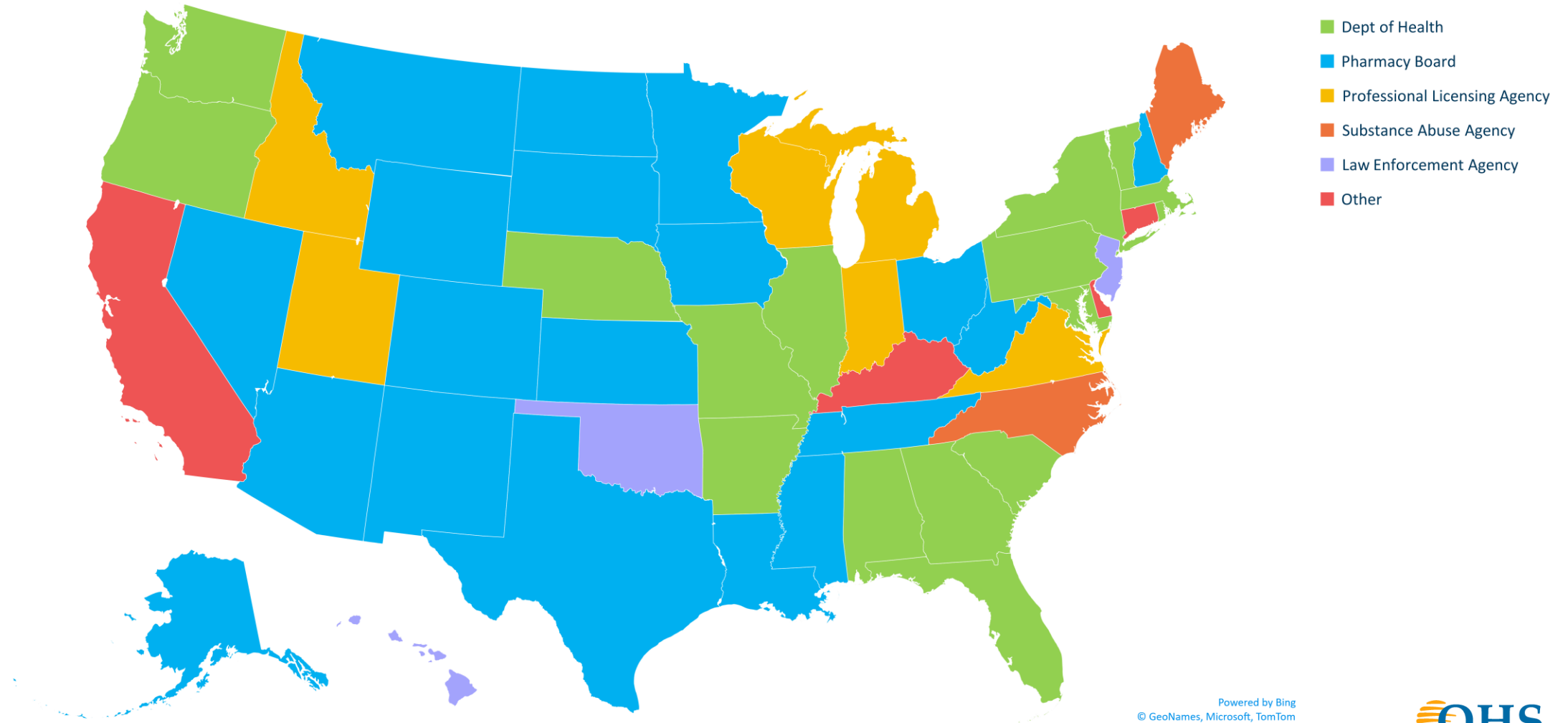
Standards should be evaluated based on suitability for prioritized use cases.

RxNorm	
<p><i>Overview:</i></p> <p>The National Library of Medicine (NLM) produces RxNorm.</p> <p>RxNorm is two things¹¹:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• A normalized naming system for generic and branded drugs;• A tool for supporting semantic interoperation between drug terminologies and pharmacy knowledge base systems. <p>RxNorm:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Represents drugs from prescribers' point of view• Ingredient + Strength + Dose Form (e.g., Warfarin Sodium 1 MG Oral Tablet)• Derived from other commonly-used public and private drug terminologies, including FDA structured product labeling (SPL)• Does not contain drug classes, indications, adverse events, drug-drug interactions¹²	<p><i>Implications for Use Case(s):</i></p> <p>RxNorm is intended to standardize medications by normalizing disparate standards. It was reported that RxNorm is currently the ideal standard for a comprehensive medication list intended to be used by prescribers.</p>

*11-<https://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/rxnorm/overview.html>

*12-<https://ncvhs.hhs.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/06/Day1-Humphreys-SNM-LOINC-RXN-002.pdf>

PDMP Program Administration by State:



Powered by Bing
© GeoNames, Microsoft, TomTom

Question and Comments

Closing Remarks and Thank you

Official Adjournment

Motion to adjourn? Second?